**Section 1 Study Guide**

**Due by 7 am to turnitin.com the day of your test**

* Be able to analyze how power was acquired in early societies and in what way did they use social systems to keep this power in place.
* Be able to explain/argue how and why the rights of women changed from the Paleolithic Era through the era of ancient civilizations.
* What are ziggurats?
* What is silt and why is it important?
* Describe papyrus
* Who are the Phoenicians and why are they important in history?
* Prehistory is a term used for the time period before the invention of what?
* What does Mesopotamia mean?
* Who were the people that created the first complex society in Southern Mesopotamia?
* What tribe spread their language and agriculture throughout Africa?
* What do scholars call current humans?
* What leader of Egypt was known for changing the religion to monotheistic?
* Who was considered the most beautiful woman in Egyptian history?
* Who was considered the most powerful pharaoh in Egypt?
* What was the 1st law system written? (Think Mesopotamia)
* Howard Carter discovered what archaeological discovery?
* Which Egyptian pharaoh reversed the policy of his father and brought back the polytheistic religion?
* Which civilization did they first determine that the heliocentric model is correct?
* Which civilization created the first law code? (Need more specific than Mesopotamia)
* What area of the world did humans first appear?
* What language did the Rosetta Stone help people translate in the 19th century?
* What did all civilizations develop next to?
* What is the time periods prior to the invention of farming and the after the invention of farming?
* What rivers were next to Mesopotamia?
* What civilization were the leaders also considered Gods?
* What nomadic group came to India and blended with the local civilization?
* What is the title of an Egyptian ruler?
* What was the first writing system of all time called?
* What is a monsoon wind?
  + Why is it important in regards to trade?