Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Period\_\_\_\_\_\_Due Date\_\_\_\_\_

**Chapter 29 Study Questions**

**The World Between Wars: Revolution, Depression, and Authoritarian Response**

* **On a separate sheet of paper (you may use the back of your packet if there is room), define all the key terms in your reading.**
* **Answer the following questions IN YOUR OWN WORDS. You should summarize. Do not try to copy your entire text!!!**

**Summary of Major Ideas:**

* The 1920s were profoundly shaped by WWI and movements that were already underway before the war
* Three major patterns emerged:
	+ Western Europe recovered from the war only incompletely
	+ The US and Japan rose as giants in industrial production
	+ Revolutions of lasting consequence shook Mexico, Russia and China
* The developments brought into question Europe’s assumptions about its place as a dominant world power

**Pages 673 – 685**

1. Describe some of the social, economic, and political changes in the 1920s as the world recovered from war.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Social | Political | Economic |
|  |  |  |

1. Describe the economic, social and political changes occurring in Japan.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Social | Political | Economic |
|  |  |  |

1. What is fascism and what did it look like in Italy?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Fascism | What it looked like in Italy |
|  |  |

1. How did WWI impact the economies of Latin America?
2. What was the end result of Mexico’s era of revolution? To what degree were the goals of the revolutionaries met?
3. Why wasn’t Alexander Kerensky able to implement his ideas of liberalism in Russia?

1. Describe the second Russian Revolution that took place in November of 1917. What policies did Lenin promise to implement in his phase of the revolution?
2. What policies did Lenin implement to try to improve the situation in the new Soviet Union?
3. Describe the era of experimentation in the USSR.
4. Who took power after Lenin’s death? How did his ideas differ from Lenin’s?

**685 - 702**

1. Discuss the events that ended the Qing dynasty in China in 1912.
2. Describe the conflict over who the new leader of China would be.
3. How did Japan impact the events of China in the first half of the 20th century?
4. What was the May Fourth Movement?
5. Why didn’t Marxism really fit in China? How did Li Dazhao work to change the ideas of Marxism to make it fit?
6. How successful were the Guomindang in dealing with is issues in the Chinese economy?
7. Describe the conflict between Sun Yatsen’s successor Chiang Kai-shek and Mao Zedong.
8. What was the Long March?
9. Identify some of the causes of the Global Depression:
10. How did the Depression impact nations other than the US?
11. Describe each of the responses different liberal democracies had to the Great Depression:
	1. France:

* 1. Scandinavia:
	2. The US:

**Pages 693 - 703**

1. Describe the authoritarian government of Germany – discuss how it was a reaction to the Depression:
	1. Germany:
		1. Anti-communism
		2. Nazi Party
		3. Gestapo
		4. Anti-Semitism
		5. Expansion
2. How was Latin America impacted by the Depression?
3. Describe how the government of Japan developed in the 1930s.
4. What territories did Japan gain control of?
5. Describe the results of Stalin’s collectivization policies in the 1930s. How successful was his plan for agriculture?
6. Describe the political structure of the Soviet Union under Stalin.
7. Summarize the Global Connections: